BIM & Dispute Resolution

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Overview

- Preliminary Remark
- Effect of BIM on construction disputes
 - (Traditional) construction disputes
 - BIM-specific disputes
 - Reduction of disputes through BIM
- BIM & Advocacy

(Traditional) Construction Disputes

- Scope changes / Change orders
- Delay / Disruption / Acceleration
- Payment / Quantification
- Performance failure / Property damage
- Termination
- (IP related disputes)

BIM can increase conflict potential

The use of BIM requires a clear contractual allocation of risks and responsibilities.

- it adds several additional actors
- requires additional management and coordination
- leads to an additional product (i.e. the BIM model)
- timing of design input is key

Examples of BIM-specific disputes

- Failure to coordinate construction contractor and MEP contractor (MEP system could not be installed)
- BIM co-ordinator withholding access due to unpaid invoices
- Further examples in the scenarios.

BIM can reduce conflict potential

- Disputes resulting from lack of coordination of suppliers (Early clash detection and fewer errors caused by inaccurate and uncoordinated information)
- Disputes regarding additional time/effort caused by change orders
 - (Improved ability to visualise the project and assess the impact of changes, ability to test mitigation measures)
- Disputes regarding cost claims in open book contracts (accurate and rapid generation of cost and quantity data)
- Delay disputes
 (more clarity on time constraints between various suppliers)

BIM and Advocacy - Effects on case

Establishing facts

- Quicker review of CAD drawings / Change orders
- Rolling planning may lead to a shifting target
- Too much reliance on data, instead of people / site visit
- Ensure access / "download" of data

Presentation of the case

- + BIM can permit greater visualisation (demonstrative exhibits)
- + Allow better quantification & analysis by experts
- Need to educate Tribunal as to what they are seeing

BIM and Advocacy – Challenges for us

- Need to understand what the limitations of the system that is being used are
- Focus on the signal-to-noise ratio, i.e. focus on the key points despite the overwhelming amount of data
- Engage early with client and experts in order to evaluate data and also visualize results
- Remember the target audience generally lawyers and not engineers

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Michael Cartier is a partner at Walder Wyss. He represents parties in international arbitrations under all major institutional rules and in ad-hoc proceedings, before state courts and in enforcement and legal assistance matters. The focus of his work is on construction disputes and international commercial law.

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